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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE 09/881,991 06/15/2001		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO. 7804	
		Patrick Christian Michael Boucousis	3133.00003		
759	90 07/27/2005	EXAMINER			
Amy E. Rinaldo, Kohn & Associates			JASMIN, LYNDA C		
30500 Northwestern Highway, Suite 410 Farmington Hills, MI 48334			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
· ·			3627		

DATE MAILED: 07/27/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Applicati	on No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		09/881,9	09/881,991		BOUCOUSIS, PATRICK CHRISTIAN MICHAEL			
		Examine	r	Art Unit				
		Lynda Ja		3627				
The Period for Rep	MAILING DATE of this communically	ation appears on th	e cover sheet with the c	correspondence ad	dress			
THE MAILIN - Extensions of after SIX (6) N - If the period fc - If NO period fc - Failure to repl Any reply rece	NED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR NG DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION time may be available under the provisions of MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication reply specified above is less than thirty (30) or reply is specified above, the maximum statuty within the set or extended period for reply will sived by the Office later than three months after term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATION. 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no evication. days, a reply within the sta cory period will apply and w I, by statute, cause the app	rent, however, may a reply be tin tutory minimum of thirty (30) day rill expire SIX (6) MONTHS from plication to become ABANDONE	nely filed /s will be considered timel the mailing date of this co ID (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status								
1)⊠ Respo	onsive to communication(s) filed	on <i>04 Mav 2005</i> .						
•) ☐ This action is r	non-final.					
3)☐ Since	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of		·						
4)⊠ Claim 4a) Of 5)□ Claim 6)⊠ Claim 7)□ Claim	(s) 1-14 is/are pending in the app the above claim(s) is/are (s) is/are allowed. (s) 1-14 is/are rejected. (s) is/are objected to. (s) are subject to restriction	withdrawn from co						
Application Pa	pers							
9)∐ The sp	pecification is objected to by the E	Examiner.	·					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.								
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
•	cement drawing sheet(s) including the ath or declaration is objected to be	•	- ', '	•	• •			
Priority under	35 U.S.C. § 119							
a)□ AⅡ 1.□ 2.□ 3.□	wledgment is made of a claim for b) Some * c) None of: Certified copies of the priority do Certified copies of the priority do Copies of the certified copies of application from the International attached detailed Office action for the certification from the International certified copies of the certified copies of application from the International certified detailed Office action for the certified copies of the certified copies of application from the International certified copies of the certified copies of the priority do certified copies of the certified copies of application from the linear certified copies of the certified copies of application from the linear certified copies of the certified copies of application from the linear certified copies of the ce	ocuments have been been been been the priority documents Bureau (PCT Ru	en received. en received in Applicati ents have been receive le 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National	Stage			
2) Notice of Dra 3) Information D	erences Cited (PTO-892) ftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO isclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PT Mail Date 5/4/05		4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Do 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:		D-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Amendment received May 04, 2005 has been acknowledged.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-3 and 8-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Graham (6,631,372), in view of De Souza et al. (2002/0099611).

Graham discloses the claimed method and business application for facilitating the exchange of information between vendors and seekers (between client and merchant server) with the steps of: entering vendors' item records as listings in an electronically searchable data structure (via a search engine; col. 3, lines 55-67), searching the data structure on the basis of seeker queries generated by seekers (col. 3, lines 44-56).

Graham further discloses ensuring that the vendor's item records are for items appearing in an electronically searchable item catalog (inherently recited via site and page contents that the search engine depends on), ensuring that seeker queries are in respect of items appearing in the item catalog (via hit list that represent a specific page or a specific site).

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Graham however fails to explicitly disclose making available the identity of the seeker for viewing by the vendors corresponding to matched listings before making available the identity of the vendors for viewing by the seeker.

De Souza et al. discloses the concept of creating a custom enterprise site having a subset of buyers and/or sellers from a set of buyers/sellers participating on the extranet-based e-commerce platform. De Souza further discloses the concept of having authorized individual form a first EBEP vendor sending contact to an EBEP buyer (step 1645). When the authorized individual from the EBEP buyer enterprise selects view contracts and orders from a menu in the purchasing transaction area in the EBEP buyer's enterprise site (step 1655), the contract created above appears on a listing of contracts and orders. The authorized individual from the EBEP buyer can select the contract created above from the listing (step 1660).

From this teaching of De Souza, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the search engine to locate goods and services of Graham to include the EBEP vendor selecting authorized individual from the EBEP buyer for a sales proposal before the EBEP buyer selects a sales proposal from a first EBEP vendor from the list of sales proposals in order to provide sensible information that can only be accessible to particular Client's business partners.

4. Claims 4-7 and 11-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Graham in view of De Souza as applied to claims 1 and 8 above, and further in view of Gardner et al. (5,758,327).

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The Graham and De Souza combination discloses the element of the claimed invention, however, fails to explicitly disclose granted seeker's access to the vendor's records and making available seeker and vendor's contact details.

Gardner et al. discloses the concept of processing electronic requisition with the step of providing for each vendor to nominate seekers who are not to be granted access to the vendor's records (via private catalog function and to control access to and downloading of supplier-maintained catalog data). Gardner further discloses making available companies and vendor's contact details (via an authorization process). Gardener further discloses the concept of having catalog requisitions (in which specific vendors are assigned to particular companies), and non-catalog requisitions (which require involvement by a buyer who locates a vendor of items).

From this teaching of Gardner, it would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the exchange of information of Graham and De Souza to include the electronic requisition processing with company-specific rules as taught by Gardner in order to facilitate electronic commerce for a number of companies.

As per aiding the vendors to enter assemblies of item, the Examiner takes

Official Notice that is old and well known in the art. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the Graham and De Souza in view of Gardner combination to include software module to generate listing of parts and sub-parts of an assembly since such is well known for catalog database to contain catalog or catalogs published by a vendor Distributor,

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having Distributor's catalog numbers for all listed products and vendor manufacturer's part numbers for many of the listed products.

Response to Arguments

- 5. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-14 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.
- 6. In response to applicant's argument that there is no suggestion to combine the references (Graham and Gardner), the examiner recognizes that obviousness can only be established by combining or modifying the teachings of the prior art to produce the claimed invention where there is some teaching, suggestion, or motivation to do so found either in the references themselves or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art. See *In re Fine*, 837 F.2d 1071, 5 USPQ2d 1596 (Fed. Cir. 1988) and *In re Jones*, 958 F.2d 347, 21 USPQ2d 1941 (Fed. Cir. 1992). In this case, the Examiner notes that Gardner discloses an electronic requisition processing with company-specific rules having authorization procedures.

Further, since Applicant did not seasonably traverse the well-known (Official Notice) statement(s) as stated in the previous Office Action, therefore, the object of the well-known (Official Notice) statement(s) are taken to be admitted prior art. See MPEP §2144.03.

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Conclusion

- 7. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Berke discloses a search engine system that a list of authorized vendors for products or services.
- 8. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Lynda Jasmin whose telephone number is (571) 272-6782. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday- Friday (9:30-6:00) with Thursday Telework.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Alexander Kalinowski can be reached on (571) 272-6771. The fax phone

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number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Rrimary Examiner
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